SCIENCESPRINGDAY



Department of Chemistry, FCT-UNL

Title

REQUIMTE/CQFB, Bioinorganic Chemistry Lab; and CNC (Centro de Neurociências de Coimbra), Universidade de Coimbra













•To clone and heterologously express Marinobacter hydrocarbonoclasticus cytochrome c_{552} and the soluble portion (NorC) of Nitric Oxide Reductase (NOR), in their isotope enriched forms (¹³C and ¹⁵N). Both are heme containing proteins.

•To determine the backbone and side-chain resonance assignment using standard solution state NMR pulse programs.

•To characterize the intercation interface between the two proteins (and other putative partners) using NMR experiments, with and without the aid of paramagnetic relaxation probes (using specific lanthanide chelates).

Methodology

•Cloning and over-expression using standard techniques on E. coli cells (PCR, gene ligation, transformation, expression tests in LB and M9 media); purification using standard HPLC techniques (ion affinity, size exclusion).

•Determination of backbone and side-chain resonance assignments using standard 2D and 3D NMR pulse sequences for ¹³C, ¹⁵N and ¹H.

 Determination of interaction interfaces by NMR titrations and local relaxation parameters (R₁, R₂, steady-state NOE); use of lanthanide probes (DOTAM, DOTP, HPDO3A) to determine specific patches and orientations.

Expected Results

•Cytochrome c_{552} and NOR are expected to interact in such a way as their metal centers are able to transfer electrons between themselves (distance up to 20 Å.

•NMR chemical shifts and peak volumes upon titration will allow estimation of dissociation constant and local relaxation/mobility parameters.

•Use of in silico docking software (e.g. BiGGER) will help predict and refine the orientation of the probable complexes.

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Fig. 1 Marinobacter hydrocarbonoclasticus cytochrome c552 (left, blue ribbon) and homolgy model off NOR (right, white and purple ribbon



Fig. 2 - Left: Typical 2D NMR (HSQC) spectrum, and effects of paramagnetism. Right: Typical PCS isosurfaces induced by paramagnetic species.



Fig. 3-Schematiic representation of the far-reaching paramagnetic effects of lanthanide ions, used in intercation and structural studies in NMR.